ATTACHMENT 2 (e)

Course Specifications

Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

The National Commission for Academic Accreditation & Assessment

Course Specifications (CS)

Course Specifications

Institution: University of Dammam	Date: 15/7/1435
College/Department : College of Science in Da	ammam/Biology Department

A. Course Identification and General Information

1. Course title and code: Chordates	BIOL 222N - 7 (5943)
2. Credit hours: 4 (3 Lecture +1 Pract	ical)/week
3. Program(s) in which the course is of	fered: (B.Sc. in Biological Sciences) Biology
Department Program	
(If general elective available in many pr	rograms indicate this rather than list programs)
Bachelor of Science degree in Biology	7
4. Name of faculty member responsible	e for the course:
A specific team from the Biology	7 Department
5. Level/vear at which this course is of	$\frac{n}{1}$ fered $\frac{1}{2}$ vear
6. Pre-requisites for this course (if any)	
7. Co-requisites for this course (if any)	
	llege of Science/University of Dammam
9. Mode of Instruction (mark all that ap	
9. Wode of instruction (mark an that ap	
a. traditional classroom	What percentage? $-\frac{2}{6022}$
b. blended (traditional and online)	What percentage?
c. e-learning	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ What percentage?
c. e-learning	V What percentage?
1 1	
d. correspondence	- What percentage?
f. other	What percentage?
Comments:	

B. Objectives

1. Summary of the main learning outcomes for students enrolled in the course:

- **a.** Classification of Phylum Chordata and its different Subclasses.
- **b.** Reorganization of the anatomy of the body plan in vertebrates, at the level of organs and systems.
- **c.** Identification of the morphological and anatomical structure for the major groups of vertebrates from an evolutionary point of view.

2. Briefly describe any plans for developing and improving the course that are being implemented. (e.g. increased use of IT or web based reference material, changes in content as a result of new research in the field):

- **a.** The course content will be periodically reviewed by instructors and the undergraduate committee to include new materials as and when necessary.
- **b.** Update knowledge by focusing on recent research studies related.
- **c.** Encourage visiting libraries and reading accredited journals through activation of self-learning through weekly assignments and project learning.
- **d.** Weekly reports.

C. Course Description (Note: General description in the form used in Bulletin or handbook)

Course Description: Chordate Biology, 3 hr Lecture/week (15 weeks)

1. Topics to be Covered		
List of Topics	No. of Weeks	Contact hours
Introduction to phylum chordate General characteristics of chordata Classification of Chordata . examples of each class	1 week	4 hr
 Protochordates: Hemichordata (Balanoglossus): External features W.M.Balanoglossus Urochordata(Ascidia): External features and retrogressive metamorphosis of ascidian larva into adult W.M. Ascidia 	2 week	4 hr
Protochordates: Cephalochordata (Amphioxus) • Structure of digestive system and mechanism of	3 week	4 hr

Vertebrates	4 4	4 hr
General characteristics. classification	week	
Agnatha (Cyclostomata)	§1 week	4 hr
General characteristics, classification	WCCK	
Example: Petromyzon and Ammocetes larva		
External and internal features of AmmocetesExternal and internal features of Petromyzon		
• Digestive and Respiratory system ,mechanism of respiration		
 Circulatory system and blood circulation W M Petromyzon 		
Cartilaginous fishes (Chondricthyes) Examples: Shark, Dog fish	6 week	4 hr
Characteristics		
 External features Structure of digestive, respiratory (mechanism of respiration), circulatory excretory, reproductive system Nervous system (brain) Tail region Trunk region Pharyngeal region 		
 Types of scales 		
Bony fishes (osteicthyes) Examples: Bolti • Characteristics • External features	7 week	4 hr
 Structure of digestive, respiratory (mechanism of respiration), circulatory excretory, reproductive system Nervous system (brain) Tail region Trunk region Pharyngeal region Types of scales 		

Tetrapoda	8	4 hr
Characteristics	week	
• External features		
Pentadactyl limbModifications		
Class: Amphibia: Frogs and Toads		
 General features Internal systems digestive, respiratory, circulatory excretory, reproductive system, Excretory Specific phenomena: W.M. Frog 		
Class: Reptilia	9	4 hr
 Example: Lizard, Snake, Turtles, Crocodiles Characteristics External features Internal systems, digestive, respiratory, circulatory excretory, reproductive system, Excretory Nervous system (brain) Types of scales Dissection of Lizard 	week	
 Class: Birds (Aves) Example: Pigeon, Ostrich, Duck General features: Types of feathers Internal systems (Structure of digestive, respiratory, mechanism of respiration, circulatory, Excretory Nervous system (brain) 	10 week	4 hr
Class: Mammalia: example: rabbit, herbivorous, carnivorous, omnivorous • Classification of mammals • General features • Internal systems(Structure of digestive, respiratory, mechanism of respiration, circulatory, Excretory, reproductiv e	11 week	4 hr
REVISION and DISCUSSION	12 ^m week	4 hr

2. Course co	omponents (t	otal contact h	ours and credit	s per semester):		
	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory or Studio	Practical	Other:	Total
Contact Hours	75 hours	Non		24 hours		99
Credit	45			12		57

3. Additional private study/learning hours expected for students per week.

4. Course Learning Outcomes in NQF Domains of Learning and Alignment with Assessment Methods and Teaching Strategy

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Development of Learning Outcomes in Domains of Learning For each of the domains of learning shown below indicate:

- A brief summary of the knowledge or skill the course is intended to develop;
- A description of the teaching strategies to be used in the course to develop that knowledge or skill;
- The methods of student assessment to be used in the course to evaluate learning outcomes in the domain concerned.

On the table below are the five NQF Learning Domains, numbered in the left column.

First, insert the suitable and measurable course learning outcomes required in the appropriate learning domains (see suggestions below the table). **Second**, insert supporting teaching strategies that fit and align with the assessment methods and intended learning outcomes. **Third**, insert appropriate assessment methods that accurately measure and evaluate the learning outcome. Each course learning outcomes, assessment method, and teaching strategy ought to reasonably fit and flow together as an integrated learning and teaching process. (Courses are not required to include learning outcomes from each domain.)

Cod e	NQF Learning Domains	Course Teaching	Course Assessment
1.0	Knowledge		
1.1	At the end of the course the student should able to a. Define the main characteristics of chordates	a.Lectures	a.Quizzes
1.2	b. Recall the classification of Phylum Chordata	a.class discussion c,Weekly assignments and reports	b.Mid-term Examination
1.3	correlate vertebrate biology and ecology, with an emphasis on both species and tetrapods	d.Collaborative learning / team work	c.Final Examination
2.0	Cognitive Skills		
2.1	On completion of the course the student will gain a.Describe the different chordate animals (in lab).	Class discussions	Class participation

2.2	b. Apply the relationship between structure and function of organ-systems, and their adaptation with environment.	Teaching students to think independently	Written Exams Group assignments
2.3	c. List each class in its taxonomic position according to the modifications of structures of different organs in each taxa.		Presentations Practical exam
3.0	Interpersonal Skills & Responsibility		
3.1	Participate in class discussion and interact positively.	Group assignments to enhance team work.	Active class participation.
3.2	Complete assignments in due time.	Individual counseling on projects writing assay.	Evaluation of student's presentation.
3.3	Presentations assignments.	Continuous oral discussion.	Academic performance is good indicator for academic achievement.
4.0	Communication, Information Technology, N	umerical	
4.1	Use of electronic journals and data basis through internet access. Use of smart board.	Encouraging self-learning and self-assessment.	Marks for activities and verbal encouragement.
4.2	Blackboard. Use of data show.	Encourage students to practice under supervision tell reach	Active clever student promoted to team leader.
4.3	Use of PowerPoint and laptop.	Interact with e-library and textbook that that available on CD.	Praising perfect student.
5.0	Psychomotor		
5.1	Students will assemble, analyze, and formulate data from a variety of sources (e.g., libraries, databases, and computer networks) to gather and synthesize information, and communicate knowledge	Recent experiments and museum technique practice.	Observation, feedback from laboratory exam

5. Map course LOs with the program LOs. (Place course LO #s in the left column and program LO #s across the top)

Course LOs #	Program Learning Outcomes (Use Program LO Code #s provided in the Program						
	1.1	1.2		2.1	 3.2	4.1	
1.1							
2.1							

6. S	chedule of Assessment Tasks for Students During the Semester		
	Assessment task (e.g. essay, test, group project, examination,	Week Due	Proportion of Total
1	Quiz-1 (MCQ, Essay)	4 ^m week	5%
2	Mid-term practical	7 ^m week	10%
3	Mid-term (MCQ, Essay)	8 ⁱⁿ week	15%
4	Quiz-2 + activities	12 th week	5+5%
5	Practical exam	13 ^m week	20%
6	Final examination	15 th week	40%
7	Total		100%

D. Student Academic Counseling and Support

1. Arrangements for availability of faculty and teaching staff for individual student consultations and academic advice. (include amount of time teaching staff are expected to be available each week)

Office hours (At least 6 hours/ week/semester).

E. Learning Resources

1. List Required Textbooks

1. Kardong, K.V. (2002). Vertebrates - Comparative Anatomy, Function, Evolution. 5rd edition. London, Mc Graw Hill.

2. List Essential References Materials (Journals, Reports, etc.)

- 1. Alexander, R. (1989). The Chordates. Cambridge University Press.
- 2. Mona, F.A. (1992). Vertebrates. Academic Bookshop.
- 3. Pough, F.H. Janis, C.M. and Heiser J.B (2005). Vertebrate Life. 7th edition Pearson Prentice Hall.
- 2. List Recommended Textbooks and Reference Material (Journals, Reports, etc)
 - 1. Web-CT learning program
 - 2 Science Direct

4. List Electronic Materials, Web Sites, Facebook, Twitter, etc.

1 http://animaldiversity.ummz.umich.edu/site/accounts/information/Chordata.htm

2. http://www.ucmp.berkeley.edu/vertebrates/vertsy.html.

5. Other learning material such as computer-based programs/CD, professional standards or regulations and software.

F. Facilities Required

1.	Accommodation (Classrooms, laboratories, demonstration rooms/labs, etc.)
	Large laboratories should be enough to accommodate 50 students.
2. 0	Computing resources (AV, data show, Smart Board, software, etc.)
	Laptop computer.
	Projector system.
	• Data show
3. (Other resources (specify, e.g. if specific laboratory equipment is required, list requirements of
	ch list)

G. Course Evaluation and Improvement Processes

Strategies for Obtaining Student Feedback on Effectiveness of Teaching

 Primitive and summative evaluation.
 Evaluation of course by the students (to be collected by the department).
 Discussions of exams_assignments

 Other Strategies for Evaluation of Teaching by the Instructor or by the Department

 Peer evaluation to asses ability of faculty members to work with their colleagues .
 Peer critique for the course at the end of semester

 Processes for Improvement of Teaching
 Workshops to facilitate the exchange of experiences amongst faculty members.
 Regular meetings where problems are discussed and solution given.
 Discussion of challenges in the classroom with colleagues and supervisors.

• Encouragement of faculty members to attend professional development conferences. 4. Processes for Verifying Standards of Student Achievement (e.g. check marking by an independent member teaching staff of a sample of student work, periodic exchange and remarking of tests or a sample of assignments with staff at another institution)

• Check marking of a sample of examination papers either by resident or visiting faculty

member.

• Arrange with another institution to have two test items included on an exam and compare marks given.

5. Describe the planning arrangements for periodically reviewing course effectiveness and planning for improvement.

- Compare syllabi and course description with other similar colleges.
- Annual meeting of faculty members to discuss improvement.
- Have a curriculum review committee to review the curriculum periodically and suggest improvements.
- Regular assessment for the course and regular revising objectives, ILOs and goals.