

What is Non-motor PD symptoms



Dopamine is a neurotransmitter that gradually decreases
With progression of Parkinson disease. It has multiple
functions, and its deficiency results in slow movement and
other non-motor symptoms

These symptoms include:

- Autonomic dysfunction: varies according to the system involved, like postural hypotension, constipation, urinary incontinence, sexual dysfunction, declined sense of smell, and sweating.
- Sleep disturbances: including increased or decreased desire to fall asleep, Rapid Eye Movement (REM) sleep behavior disorder (as punching and acting the dream), and restless legs syndrome.
- Cognitive decline: ranging from executive dysfunction to memory loss and dementia.
- Sensory abnormalities: such as pain, numbness, and fatigue.
- Neuropsychiatric: such as depression and anxiety, mood disorders, impulse control disorders, psychosis, apathy, and paranoia.

Note: these symptoms fluctuate over time depending on the PD state.

